

DOMANDE PROVA ORALE

N.	Domanda sulla tematica oggetto del Concorso	Domanda lingua inglese	Domanda Informatica di base
1	Cosa si intende per conservazione digitale e quali sono i principali vantaggi della c.d.?	Europe's current and future sustainable economic growth and societal wellbeing increasingly draws on value created by data. AI is one of the most important applications of the data economy. Today most data are related to consumers and are stored and processed on central cloud-based infrastructure. By contrast a large share of tomorrow's far more abundant data will come from industry, business and the public sector, and will be stored on a variety of systems, notably on computing devices working at the edge of the network.	Cos'è il download?
2	In che modo la tecnologia cloud supporta le attività di archiviazione, conservazione e condivisione di documenti digitali?	Given the major impact that AI can have on our society and the need to build trust, it is vital that European AI is grounded in our values and fundamental rights such as human dignity and privacy protection. Furthermore, the impact of AI systems should be considered not only from an individual perspective, but also from the perspective of society as a whole. The use of AI systems can have a significant role in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals, and in supporting the democratic process and social rights.	Cos'è l'upload?
3	A cosa serve un sistema di conservazione e quali sono le principali caratteristiche che deve garantire?	The European strategy for data, which accompanies this White Paper, aims to enable Europe to become the most attractive, secure and dynamic data-able economy in the world – empowering Europe with data to improve decisions and better the lives of all its citizens. The strategy sets out a number of policy measures, including mobilising private and public investments, needed to achieve this goal. Finally, the implications of AI, Internet of Things and other digital technologies for safety and liability legislation are analysed in the Commission Report accompanying this White Paper.	Cos'è un CMS?
4	Parlare in dettaglio della differenza tra archiviazione e conservazione.	However, investment in research and innovation in Europe is still a fraction of the public and private investment in other regions of the world. Some €3.2 billion were invested in AI in Europe in 2016, compared to around €12.1 billion in North America and €6.5 billion in Asia10. In response, Europe needs to increase its investment levels significantly. The Coordinated plan on AI11 developed with Member States is proving to be a good starting point in building closer cooperation on AI in Europe and in creating synergies to maximise investment in the AI value chain.	Per cosa può essere utilizzato Microsoft Excel?
5	Cos'è il processo di digitalizzazione della PA e quali sono i suoi principali obiettivi?	As with any new technology, the use of AI brings both opportunities and risks. Citizens fear being left powerless in defending their rights and safety when facing the information asymmetries of algorithmic decision-making, and companies are concerned by legal uncertainty. While AI can help protect citizens' security and enable them to enjoy their fundamental rights, citizens also worry that AI can have unintended effects or even be used for malicious purposes. These concerns need to be addressed.	Cos'è l'HTML?
6	Come può essere definita la gestione documentale e perché adottare soluzioni di g.d. nella PA è così importante?	Member States are pointing at the current absence of a common European framework. The German Data Ethics Commission has called for a five-level risk-based system of regulation that would go from no regulation for the most innocuous AI systems to a complete ban for the most dangerous ones. Denmark has just launched the prototype of a Data Ethics Seal. Malta has introduced a voluntary certification system for AI. If the EU fails to provide an EU-wide approach, there is a real risk of fragmentation in the internal market, which would undermine the objectives of trust, legal certainty and market uptake.	Cos'è un sistema operativo?
7	Quali possono essere delle modalità sicure di condivisione dei documenti digitali?	AI can perform many functions that previously could only be done by humans. As a result, citizens and legal entities will increasingly be subject to actions and decisions taken by or with the assistance of AI systems, which may sometimes be difficult to understand and to effectively challenge where necessary. Moreover, AI increases the possibilities to track and analyse the daily habits of people. For example, there is a potential risk that AI may be used, in breach of EU data protection and other rules, by state authorities or other entities for mass surveillance and by employers to observe how their employees behave.	Come si fa la somma di due o più numeri in Excel?
8	Cos'è il CAD e come si integra con le attività di archiviazione, conservazione e condivisione di documenti digitali?	AI technologies may present new safety risks for users when they are embedded in products and services. For example, as result of a flaw in the object recognition technology, an autonomous car can wrongly identify an object on the road and cause an accident involving injuries and material damage. As with the risks to fundamental rights, these risks can be caused by flaws in the design of the AI technology, be related to problems with the availability and quality of data or to other problems stemming from machine learning. While some of these risks are not limited to products and services that rely on AI, the use of AI may increase or aggravate the risks.	Come si fa la moltiplicazione di due numeri in Excel?
9	Parlare del rapporto tra conservazione dei documenti digitali e privacy	For the purposes of this White Paper, as well as of any possible future discussions on policy initiatives, it seems important to clarify the main elements that compose AI, which are "data" and "algorithms". AI can be integrated in hardware, in case of machine learning techniques, which constitute a subset of AI, algorithms are trained to infer certain patterns based on a set of data in order to determine the actions needed to achieve a given goal. Algorithms may continue to learn when in use	Cos'è un DBMS?
10	Quali sono le figure previste nel sistema di conservazione digitale e di cosa si occupa il responsabile della conservazione?	AI systems – and certainly high-risk AI applications – must be technically robust and accurate in order to be trustworthy. That means that such systems need to be developed in a responsible manner and with an ex-ante due and proper consideration of the risks that they may generate. Their development and functioning must be such to ensure that AI systems behave reliably as intended. All reasonable measures should be taken to minimise the risk of harm being caused.	Per cosa può essere utilizzato Microsoft Word?
11	Cosa sono le linee guida AGID per la conservazione digitale e quali sono i loro obiettivi?	A European governance structure on AI in the form of a framework for cooperation of national competent authorities is necessary to avoid fragmentation of responsibilities, increase capacity in Member States, and make sure that Europe equips itself progressively with the capacity needed for testing and certification of AI-enabled products and services. In this context, it would be beneficial to support competent national authorities to enable them to fulfil their mandate where AI is used.	Per cosa può essere utilizzato Microsoft PowerPoint?
12	Quali sono le modalità di formazione di un documento informatico?	A European governance structure could have a variety of tasks, as a forum for a regular exchange of information and best practice, identifying emerging trends, advising on standardisation activity as well as on certification. It should also play a key role in facilitating the implementation of the legal framework, such as through issuing guidance, opinions and expertise. To that effect, it should rely on a network of national authorities, as well as sectorial networks and regulatory authorities, at national and EU level. Moreover, a committee of experts could provide assistance to the Commission.	Cosa sono i CSS?
13	Come si garantisce la non modificabilità e l'integrità dei documenti informatici a seconda della modalità di formazione del documento?	AI is a strategic technology that offers many benefits for citizens, companies and society as a whole, provided it is human-centric, ethical, sustainable and respects fundamental rights and values. AI offers important efficiency and productivity gains that can strengthen the competitiveness of European industry and improve the wellbeing of citizens. It can also contribute to finding solutions to some of the most pressing societal challenges, including the fight against climate change and environmental degradation, the challenges linked to sustainability and demographic changes, and the protection of our democracies and, where necessary and proportionate, the fight against crime.	Cos'è un browser Web?
14	Cosa sono i metadati e che ruolo hanno nella conservazione di un documento digitale?	The European approach for AI aims to promote Europe's innovation capacity in the area of AI while supporting the development and uptake of ethical and trustworthy AI across the EU economy. AI should work for people and be a force for good in society. With this White Paper and the accompanying Report on the safety and liability framework, the Commission launches a broad consultation of Member States civil society, industry and academics, of concrete proposals for a European approach to AI. These include both policy means to boost investments in research and innovation, enhance the development of skills and support the uptake of AI by SMEs, and proposals for key elements of a future regulatory framework.	Per cosa può essere utilizzato Microsoft Access?
15	In cosa consiste la condivisione di documenti digitali e quali sono alcuni strumenti utilizzati per condividere i d.d.?	A common European approach to AI is necessary to reach sufficient scale and avoid the fragmentation of the single market. The introduction of national initiatives risks to endanger legal certainty, to weaken citizens' trust and to prevent the emergence of a dynamic European industry. This White Paper presents policy options to enable a trustworthy and secure development of AI in Europe, in full respect of the values and rights of EU citizens.	Cos'è un file eseguibile?

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